

# **Henry's Grant Writing Process**

# Phase 1: Pre-Application Phase (Strategic Foundation Building)

# 1. Prospect Research & Funder Mapping

- Use advanced tools like Foundation Directory Online, Instrumental, GrantStation, and Candid to identify potential funders.
- Leverage LinkedIn, Google Alerts, and funder newsletters to track updates, leadership changes, and new funding initiatives.
- Create a Funder Matrix that includes:
  - Alignment score (1-5) with organizational mission and programs.
  - Giving history (average grant size, focus areas, geographic preferences).
  - Key contacts (program officers, board members, decision-makers).
  - Deadlines and application cycles.
- Analyze past grantees and funder trends using tools like Candid's Foundation Maps or Glasspockets.

# 2. Relationship Cultivation

- Schedule introductory calls with program officers to build rapport and gain insights into funding priorities.
- Engage funders through site visits, newsletter updates, and impact reports to keep them informed about your organization's work.
- Use CRM tools (e.g., Salesforce, Bloomerang) to track interactions and nurture long-term relationships.
- Attend funder webinars and networking events to stay visible and build connections.

# 3. Opportunity Qualification (Week 2)

- Use a scoring rubric to evaluate opportunities based on:
  - Alignment with organizational goals.
  - Likelihood of success.
  - Resource requirements (time, staff, budget).
- Prioritize high-impact, high-alignment opportunities.

### Phase 2: Proposal Development System (Structured & Collaborative)

## 1. Initial Planning

- Conduct a Kickoff Meeting with key stakeholders to:
  - Review the RFP or funding guidelines in detail.
  - Assign roles and responsibilities (e.g., writer, data collector, reviewer).
  - Develop a Proposal Timeline with clear milestones and deadlines.
- Create a Proposal Outline that includes:
  - Key sections (narrative, budget, attachments).
  - Required data points and metrics.
  - Funder-specific language and priorities.
- o Draft a Logic Model to clearly articulate inputs, activities, outputs, and outcomes.

# 2. Data Collection & Story Gathering

- o Conduct interviews with program staff, beneficiaries, and partners to gather qualitative data and success stories.
- o Compile quantitative data (e.g., impact metrics, demographic information, financials).
- Use visual tools (e.g., infographics, charts, maps) to present data compellingly.
- o Gather testimonials and letters of support from partners and beneficiaries.

## 3. Writing Phase

- Focused writing of key sections (problem statement, objectives, methodology.
- Research and incorporate funder-specific language, statistics, and case studies.
- Review daily progress and adjust the outline as needed.
- o Incorporate storytelling techniques to humanize the narrative and make it relatable

#### 4. Review & Refinement

- Conduct a Technical Compliance Check to ensure all requirements are
- Organize a Collaborative Review Session with program staff, finance team, and leadership.
- Engage an External Peer Reviewer for an unbiased assessment.
- o Finalize the proposal with polished language, consistent formatting, and error-free content.
- Ensure the proposal reflects your organization's branding (e.g., logo, colors, fonts) for a professional look.

# Phase 3: Tools & Systems (Optimized for Efficiency)

#### 1. Grant Management Database

• Use tools like Submittable, Fluxx, or Google Workspace to track submissions, deadlines, and outcomes.

# 2. **Template Library**

- Maintain a living library of templates for common sections (e.g., executive summaries, budgets, bios).
- Include examples of successful proposals for reference.

# 3. Style Guide

 Develop a brand-aligned style guide for consistent tone, voice, and formatting.

# 4. Outcome Tracking Spreadsheet

• Track metrics such as submission dates, award amounts, and feedback from funders.

# Phase 4: Quality Control Checklist (Comprehensive & Detail-Oriented)

# 1. Alignment with Funder Priorities

• Ensure the proposal reflects the funder's mission, values, and goals.

#### 2. Clear Problem Statement

• Articulate the issue your organization addresses with data-driven evidence.

#### 3. Compelling Needs Data

• Use statistics, stories, and visuals to demonstrate the urgency of the need.

# 4. Specific Objectives

o Include SMART (Specific, Measurable, Achievable, Relevant, Time-bound) goals.

## 5. **Detailed Methodology**

• Outline a clear, step-by-step plan for achieving the objectives.

# 6. Realistic Budget

• Provide a detailed, justified budget that aligns with the project scope.

#### 7. Required Attachments

o Include all necessary documents (e.g., IRS determination letter, board list, financial statements).

#### 8. Formatting Compliance

Adhere to font, spacing, and page limit requirements.

# Phase 5: Post-Submission (Strategic Follow-Up)

#### 1. Document Lessons Learned

 Conduct a post-submission debrief to identify strengths and areas for improvement.

### 2. Update Template Library

Incorporate new language, sections, or strategies from the proposal.

## 3. Schedule Follow-Up

- Send a thank-you note to the program officer and confirm receipt of the proposal.
- Plan a follow-up call to address any questions or provide additional information.

# 4. Plan Report Requirements

• Prepare for reporting by setting up systems to track outcomes and deliverables.

## Phase 6: Success Metrics (Data-Driven Evaluation)

#### 1. New Grant Success Rate

o Target: 50%+

#### 2 Renewal Rate

Target: 90%+

# 3. Average Grant Size

Track and aim to increase by 10-20% annually.

#### 4 Growth in Grant Revenue

Set a goal of an average of 15-25% year-over-year growth.

#### Phase 7: Key Performance Habits (Continuous Improvement)

#### 1. Weekly Priority Review

Assess progress on active proposals and adjust priorities as needed.

#### 2. Monthly Pipeline Update

• Review the grant pipeline to ensure a steady flow of opportunities.

## 3. Quarterly Strategy Assessment

• Evaluate alignment between grant strategy and organizational goals.

#### 4. Annual Process Evaluation

• Conduct a comprehensive review of the grant writing process and update tools, templates, and systems.